



PGDIS 2024

21st International Conference on Preimplantation Genetics

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, May 5 - 8, 2024

Session 8: Patient management and genetic counselling

– IVF Clinician, Clinical Geneticist, and Genetic Counselor

Tuesday, 7 May 2024, 16:00 – 16:20



PGT-A an ethical dilemma?
What should clinicians be discussing with patients?



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First Talk (60')

Diagnosis – Proposal - Information

1. Diagnosis (20'): > 30 “clinical mosaic stones”

- age, cycle length, contraception
- uterus, tubes, ovaries, ovarian reserve
- sperm
- waiting time, pregnancies, children
- previous ART: response, follicles, oocytes, maturity, morphology, fertilization, development, transfer
- obesity, smoking, diseases, economic and social background, values, possibilities

First Talk (60')

2. Proposal (20')

- wishes, values, preferences
- **alternatives**, specialist assessment
- shared decision, reflection

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First Talk (60')

3. Information (20')

- Procedure
- Chance
- Risks
- Alternatives
- Costs
- New clinical **investigations**

Informed Consent (2 x 15')

1. Medicine

Information:

- results, differential diagnosis and therapy
- suggestion, shared decision, plan, reflection

Consent:

- literature, **unknown reason** for success and failure in individual cases
- freedom of therapy, art of healing, intuition, experience, deviation from rules, will of the patient, physician responsibility, highly personal decision, “off label” treatment

Informed Consent (2 x 15')

2. Law

bodily harm, information, consent

3. Ethics

- **Patient:** preferences, non-directive, intellect, education, mentality
- **Physician:** recognized procedures, minority opinions, **personal** assessment, Helsinki Declaration WHO

PGT-A Aims and Indications

1. Aim

- Improve chance of **pregnancy**
- Shorten time to pregnancy
- Reduce risk of miscarriage, multiples, malformation, pointless ART

2. Indication

- Advanced Maternal Age
- Repeated Implantation Failure
- Repeated Miscarriages
- Severe Male Factor
- Will of the patients!

Schmutzler, Eur J Med Genet. 2019

PGT-A: two stage decision

E. g. indication “increase chance of pregnancy”:

- **before start of the cycle:** selection advantage?
- **before biopsy:** selection **advantage?**

Patient Properties

137 couples, 263 cycles

Lower Chances	
no previous pregnancy	57 %
advanced maternal age	54 %
AMH < 2	50 %
PCO	30 %
previous miscarriage	27 %
smoking	25 %
AMH >= 4 ng/ml	24 %
overweight	13 %
transfer of three embryos	12 %
repeated implantation failure	8 %
Higher Chances	
>= 6 fertilized oocytes	36 %

Main Criteria for a Balanced Therapy Proposal

Chances

- **age**, ovarian reserve, BMI, smoking
- diseases, pregnancies

Background

- children, ART cycles, outcome in vitro
- wishes, values, preferences

Primary Indication for PGT-A:

(1.) Increase Chance of Pregnancy per Cycle

- 40 y, low income, AFC 5, 1. OR:

no!

- 3. OR, AFC 10, > 3 fertilized:

yes!

- 35 y, 3. OR, plan 2 embryos for transfer,

2 fertilized: **no!**

- 6 fertilized, 6 biopsied, 4 aneuploid, 2 unknown:

transfer 2 unknown



Primary Indication for PGT-A: (2.) Shorten Time to Pregnancy

41 years, 8 antral follicles, high income, 1. ICSI

yes!

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Primary Indication for PGT-A: **(3.) Reduce Risk of Miscarriages**

35 years, got 2 miscarriages, 10 antral follicles, middle income, 1. ICSI

yes!

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Primary Indication for PGT-A:

(4.) Reduce Risk of Multiples

- 35 years, got twins, 10 antral follicles, 1. ICSI,
low income
no! (SET)
- middle income
yes! (SET)

Primary Indication for PGT-A:

(5.) Reduce Risk of Malformation

- 35 years, got interruption trisomy 12, 10 antral follicles, 1. ICSI,
low income
yes!

Primary Indication for PGT-A:

(6.) Reduce Senseless ART

- 38 years, got 4 ICSI, no pregnancy
low income
no! (transfer 3 day 2 or 3)
- middle income
yes!

Game Changer: niPGT, -omics, AI?

niPGT-A

most probably no harm

all embryos checked, if not too expensive

**Genomics, Transcriptomics, Proteomics,
Metabolomics, AI (“PGDIS to PDIS”?)**

mathematical algorithms

for PGT-A indication

for embryo selection

Conclusions PGT-A Indication

Personalized Medicine

- “clinical mosaic stones”
- no ethical dilemma
- no green table or lab decision
- **two-stage** decision:
 - before start of cycle, before biopsy
- new techniques: less harm, higher precision
- own limitations
- future: -omics + AI

Summary PGT-A Consent

Diagnosis, Therapy Proposal

- assemble “clinical mosaic stones”: facts and preferences
- aim, indication
- information, alternatives, open for new approaches

Informed Consent

- shared decision, reflection, personal choice
- shared responsibility, highly personal decision
- two-stages